Summer 2022 English Language

Language Paper 1				
		Section A	Revision pages	
	Before answering the questions	 In Language Paper 1 you are given 1 fictional text. You must read this before you start to answer the questions. This will take you 5 minutes. Make notes in the margin after each paragraph to help you understand what happens in the text. 	Practice papers will be made available by your English teacher.	
Reading questions	Q1 Retrieval of information No more than 6 minutes	 Choose 4 facts from the lines stated to answer the question. Remember to begin the answer with the subject of the question, for example if the question asks about a character called Mary, begin your answer with: Mary has (or) Mary is Do not copy out large amounts of information, just the key facts. 		
	Q2 Language analysis No more than 10 minutes	 Read the lines stated Plan a big idea to answer the question Choose 3 juicy pieces of evidence Name the methods Explode the evidence Write up your big idea and 2-3 what, how, why paragraphs using this highlight, this emphasises, this further emphasises. 		
	Q3 Analysis of structure No more than 10 minutes	 Plan a big idea to answer the question. Consider whether the writer wants to frighten the reader or encourage them to feel sorry for a character or something else Choose 3 structural moments from across the text. Consider whether this is the entrance of a character, the time they speak any dialogue, or a shift in focus to another mood or event, or something else Choose the evidence to indicate that structural moment has happened. Explode why you think the structural moments have happened Write a big idea about why the writer has structured the text in that particular way. Write 3 analytical paragraphs using this happens at this point in the text to analyse the structure of the text. 		
	Q4 Evaluation No more than 24 minutes	 Re-read the text indicated in the question. Write a big idea saying whether you agree or partially agree with the statement and give your overall reasons with writing about methods or evidence Choose your 3-4 pieces of evidence from across the text indicated. These could be language methods such as words or metaphors, they could be structural moments such as the position of dialogue, or they could be the writer at work and how they writer has the character do something or has the weather change Explode your evidence naming methods. 		

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		- Write up your what, how, why paragraphs to support your
		big idea using this highlight, this emphasises, this further
		emphasises and link back to the question
		Section B
Q5	Drop	- You will be offered the choice of 2 questions. You might have
Writing	-	a choice between describing or narrating (writing a story).
section	Shift	You might have a choice between 2 descriptions or 2 stories.
		Whichever question you choose, you must always fill your
45	Zoom in	writing with description using drop, shift, zoom in, zoom out,
minutes in	200111111	cyclical structure (or Setting, Character, Turning Point,
total	Zoom out	Resolution)
totai	200111 001	Resolution)
5 minutes	Cyclical Structure	- You must plan your work for 5 minutes
	Cyclical Structure	- Tou must plan your work for 3 minutes
planning		- You must start with weather that reflects the mood
30		- You must write a meaningful shift of time or place or mood
minutes		- You must zoom in on one thing or a small number of things
writing		and then for zoom out bring in others. For example, zoom in
		on the cracked window of a house and the piano music that
10		can be heard. Then zoom out on the trees outside the house
minutes		and birds gathering on the branches.
proof		
reading		- Use language methods
for		- Use effective vocabulary
spelling		- If you are writing a narrative, make sure that the action only
and		takes place in the zoom and zoom out parts of your writing
punctuatio		- Check spelling
n errors		- Check punctuation
and		- Write up your answer, redraft vocabulary if you need to and
redrafting		proof- read when completed
vocabulary		- Make your writing engaging
Vocabulary		
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		Language Paper 2				
	Section A – A 21st century autobiographical text and a pre-20th Century text					
Reading questions	Before answering the questions	In Language Paper 2 you are given 2 non-fiction texts. You must read them both before you start to answer the questions. This will take you 5 minutes. Make notes in the margin after each paragraph to help you understand the ideas and viewpoints in the texts. Practice paper 2 will be margin after each paragraph to help you available by your English teacher				
	Q1 Retrieval of information No more than 6 minutes	 Read the stated lines of the specified text. Colour the circle of the 4 statements that are true. The answers will be in chronological order and so if there is no evidence in the first couple of lines of the text specified, then it isn't there. The question is marked by a computer, so the students need to do a practice at the top of the page before colouring in their circles. 				
	Q2 Inference 10 minutes	 Decide what you are being asked and what you think the differences/similarities are. Find the evidence in the text – JUST QUOTES, NO METHODS. Write up your inferences like this. Both texts explore the idea that Source A states that however/similarly Source B states that. In Source A the boat is (quote). From this I can infer that However, in Source B the boat is (quote). From this I can infer 				

		- Repeat again if possible.	
	Q3 Language analysis 14 minutes	 Read the given paragraph. Decide what the language is being used for in terms of the question. For example, is it trying to show how mean a character is? Choose 3-4 quotes – aim for imagery/figurative language. Explode your quotes. In your answer define the meaning of words and explain their effect in the context of the question. 	
	Q4 Comparison 20 minutes	 Decide what you are being asked. Students may need to read the extracts, but time is short and so the aim is that they will already have an idea of what methods that they are going to write about. State what the texts are exploring in terms of the question. It will always be about the viewpoints of the texts. State what they are saying and what the differences are. Then work chronologically through the text analysing the methods found in terms of how they help to communicate the viewpoint. Both extracts express views about Text A puts forward the argument that however Text B offers the opinion that Text A opens with However, text B opens with 	
		Section B	
		Viewpoint writing - Writing an article A05 Content 24 marks A06 SPAG 16 marks	
Q5 Writing section	EPIIIC Establish	 Use the EPIIIC structure: Establish – Picture this (negative) – Information such as stats and facts – I can remember (anecdote) 	
45 minutes in total	Picture this	 Imagine (positive) – Counter argument that you knock down. You must plan your work for 5 minutes You must have a strong viewpoint 	
5 minutes planning	Information I can	 You must make sure your imagine paragraph directly contrasts your picture this paragraph You must make sure your counter argument is only one 	
30 minutes writing	remember Imagine	sentence and that you straight away argue against it - Use language methods	
10 minutes proof reading for spelling and	this	 Use effective vocabulary Check spelling Check punctuation 	
punctuation errors and redrafting vocabulary	argument	 Write up your answer, redraft vocabulary if you need to and proof- read when completed Make your writing engaging 	

Summer 2022 English Literature

English Literature Paper 1

Section A

Texts for this paper are:

- Section A: 'A Christmas Carol' by Charles Dickens
- o Section B: 'An Inspector Calls' by J.B. Priestley

The 'A Christmas Carol' question has an extract

Both questions offer 30 marks for the content of your answer.

The question on 'A Christmas Carol' offers 4 marks for SPAG

For 'A Christmas Carol' question:

Read the question

Read where the extract is located in the text

Read the extract

Decide what the question is asking in terms of the themes of the play/novel (this will form the big idea)

Decide on your timeline where the 2 other big moments are in your text that relate to your question

Plan your big idea

Plan what you will write about those other 2 big moments – you only have to reference them; you do not need to write about quotes and methods

Plan what you will write about your extract. Choose 4 -5 quotes and methods to write about.

Consider how your two big moments and your extract link showing how they have been used by the writer to communicate ideas and themes to the reader

Writing up

Big idea about the question relating to themes and context

Write up analysis of extract and the two other big moments. It is helpful if students do this chronologically for example if the extract is on Scrooge being taken to see the Cratchits in Stave 3, then you might begin by writing about Scrooge's attitude to the poor and his treatment of Bob in Stave 1, then about the extract, then about the redeemed Scrooge at the end.

Only answer the one question on 'An Inspector Calls'. Do not answer any other question on the question paper

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'A	-	What are the themes of the novella?	'A Christmas Carol' revision:
Christmas	-	What is the plot of the novella?	Redemption - Part 1
Carol'	-	How are the themes developed across the novella?	Redemption - Part 2
	-	How do the characters develop?	Social Responsibility and Charity - Part
	-	What are the writer's ideas?	<u>1</u>
	-	What is the context of the novella?	Social Responsibility and Charity - Part
	-	What small methods does the writer use? Do you know any	2
		similes, metaphors or words that are important?	Family and Friendship - Part 1
	-	What big methods does the writer use across the novella? How	Family and Friendship - Part 2
		does the writer use character, setting, the supernatural, motifs?	Scrooge - Part 1
			Scrooge - Part 2
			The Spirits - Part 1
			The Spirits - Part 2
			The Cratchits - Part 1
			The Cratchits - Part 2
'An	-	You have a choice of 2 questions. 1 question will be about a	'An Inspector Calls' revision:
Inspector		character the other about a theme. They both need you to write	The Inspector - Part 1
Calls'		about the theme	The Inspector - Part 2
	-	There is no extract for this question	Sheila and Eric - Part 1
	-	Read the question	Sheila and Eric - Part 2
	-	Bug the question	Mr Birling
	-	Decide what you are being asked	Mrs Birling
			Responsibility - Part 1
			Responsibility - Part 2

- Plan your timeline how is your question relevant to the beginning (before the inspector arrives) – the middle when he conducts his interviews and the end (when he has gone)
- Plan what methods and quotes you will write about across the play supporting your big idea. If you cannot remember exact quotes and methods, make reference to the text
- Big idea What is Priestley saying about the theme in terms of the question? Why is he doing this? Link to context
- Write your what, how, why paragraphs proving your big idea

The Generational Divide - Part 1
The Generational Divide - Part 2
Challenging Class and Gender - Part 1
Challenging Class and Gender - Part 2

English Literature Paper 2

Texts for this paper are:
Section A: 'Macbeth' by William Shakespeare
Section B: Unseen Poetry

For 'Macbeth' question:

Read the question

Read where the extract is located in the text

Read the extract

Decide what the question is asking in terms of the themes of the play/novel (this will form the big idea)

Decide on your timeline where the 2 other big moments are in your text that relate to your question

Plan your big idea

Plan what you will write about those other 2 big moments – you only have to reference them; you do not need to write about quotes and methods

Plan what you will write about your extract. Choose 4 -5 quotes and methods to write about.

Consider how your two big moments and your extract link showing how they have been used by the writer to communicate ideas and themes to the reader

Writing up

Big idea about the question relating to themes and context

Write up analysis of extract and the two other big moments. It is helpful if students do this chronologically for example if the extract is on Lady Macbeth reading Macbeth's letter, you might then look at her following Duncan's murder and finally Act 5 Scene 1 where she sleepwalks.

Unseen poetry

Answer both questions in this section

Question 1 is worth 24 marks

Question 2 is worth 8 marks

Answer only the questions on these texts.

Do not answer any question on any other text on this paper

'Macbeth	- What are the themes of the play?	'Macbeth' revision:
	- What is the plot of the play?	The Natural Order
	- How are the themes developed across the play?	<u>(1)</u>
	- How do the characters develop?	The Natural Order
	- What are the writer's ideas?	<u>(2)</u>
	- What is the context of the play?	The Supernatural (1)
	- What small methods does the writer use? Do you know any imagery or rhetorical	The Supernatural (2)
	questions or words that are important?	The Tragic Hero (1)
		The Tragic Hero (2)
	What big methods does the writer use across the play? How does the writer use	Macbeth and Lady
	character, setting, time, parallel scenes?	Macbeth (1)
		Macbeth and Lady
		Macbeth (2)
		Banquo and Macduff
		<u>(1)</u>
		Banquo and Macduff
		<u>(2)</u>
		The Witches (1)
		The Witches (2)
Unseen	- You will be given a poem you have never seen before and will be asked what the	Your English teacher
Poetry Q1	poet's message is and what methods they have used	will provide you with
	- Read the question	practice papers
	- Decide what the writer is saying about the given topic	
	- Plan chronologically what methods the writer is using to explain their ideas about	
	the topic	
	- Write a big idea	
	- Write your what, how, why paragraphs that prove your big idea.	
	- Use the ISLO structure or your teacher's version of it!	
Unseen	- You will be given another unseen poem that will be about a similar theme to the	Your English teacher
Poetry Q2	first one	will provide you with
, ,	- This is only worth 8 marks and all you have to do is compare the use of methods	practice papers
	- You must not spend more than 15 minutes on this question. You have to write	
	about methods, and you must not miss it out.	